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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of the Claims

Claim 1 (currently amended): A method for differentiating DNz species originating from cells of different individuals in a biological sample, the metho comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining from one of the individuals a biological sample comprising the DNA species originating from the cells of different individuals; and
- (b) determining epigenetic differences detecting a methylatic a difference between these the DNA species,

wherein detection of the methylation difference indicates DNA; pecies from different individuals.

Claim 2 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 w rerein the epigenetic difference is a difference in DNA methylation biological sample is a fluid or cellular sample or a mixture thereof.

Claim 3 (original): A method according to claim 1 wherein the iological sample is plasma or serum.

Claim 4 (original): A method according to claim 1 wherein the iological sample is blood.

Claim 5 (original): A method according to claim 1 wherein one of the individuals is a pregnant female and the other individual is an unborn fetus.

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Claim 6 (original): A method according to claim 1 wherein one of the individuals is a transplantation recipient and the other individual is an organ do .or.

Claim 7 (original): A method according to claim 6 wherein the transplantation is a bone marrow transplantation.

Claim 8 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 ft ther comprising the step of:

(c) measuring eoneentrations the concentration of the DNA pecies having an epigenetic difference.

Claim 9 (canceled)

Claim 10 (currently amended): A method according to claim 2 $_{\cdot}$ further comprising the step of:

(c) adding sodium bisulfite to the biological sample or to the DNA species to detect a DNA methylation difference.

Claim 11 (currently amended): A method according to claim 2. further comprising the step of:

(c) performing a methylation-specific polymerase chain reaction to detect a DNA methylation difference.

Claim 12 (currently amended): A method according to claim 14 1 further comprising the step of:

(c) amplifying the DNA species to generate a PCR product; und

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(d) sequencing DNA to detect a DNA methylation difference the PCR product.

Claim 13 (currently amended): A method according to claim 10 1 further comprising the step of:

(c) performing primer extension to detect a DNA methylatic is difference.

Claim 14 (original): A method according to claim 5 wherein the biological sample is maternal plasma or serum.

Claim 15 (currently amended): A method according to claim 14 further comprising the step of:

(c) measuring the concentration of fetal DNA in maternal pl sma or serum.

Claim16 (original): A method according to claim 15 wherein th concentration of fetal DNA measured is used to predict, monitor or diagnose or prognosticate a disorder.

Claim 17 (currently amended): A method according to claim 5 ' herein en epigenetic mark the methylation difference is associated with a fetal or materns disorder.

Claim 18 (original): A method according to claim 17 wherein tl = disorder is a chromosomal aneuploidy.

Claim 19 (original): A method according to claim 18 wherein the chromosomal aneuploidy is trisomy 21 (Down syndrome).

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Claim 20 (original): A method according to claim 17 wherein the disorder is preeclampsia.

Claim 21 (original): A method according to claim 17 wherein the disorder is an imprinting disorder.

Claim 22 (currently amended): A method according to claim 21 17 wherein the disorder is Prader-Willi syndrome.

Claim 23 (currently amended): A method according to claim 21 17 wherein the disorder is Angelman syndrome.

Claim 24 (currently amended): A method according to claim 14 wherein an epigenetic the methylation difference detected in fetal cells in the placenta is used as a fetus-specific marker-in maternal plasma or serum.

Claim 25 (currently amended): A method according to claim 6 I urther comprising the step of:

(c) measuring the concentrations concentration of organ don r and transplantation recipient DNA.

Claim 26 (currently amended): A method according to claim 25 wherein the measurements concentration of organ donor and transplantation recipient D JA are is used to predict the clinical progress of the transplantation recipient.

Claim 27 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 v herein one individual of the individuals is male and the other individual is female.

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Claim 28 (currently amended): A method according to claim 27 wherein the epigenetic marker methylation difference is detected on an inactivated X of omosome of the female individual.

Claim 29 (currently amended): A method according to claim 28 wherein a methylated DNA sequences sequence on the inactivated X chromosome are is sed to detect DNA originating from the female individual.

Claim 30 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 /herein the epigenetic differences are methylation difference is analyzed inside cells.

Claim 31 (currently amended): A method according to claim 30 wherein the epigenetic differences are methylation difference is analyzed using in-situ methylation-specific polymerase chain reaction.

Claim 32 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 vherein the epigenetic differences are methylation difference is used to sort or isolate c lls from the individuals.

Claim 33 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 vherein the epigenetic differences are methylation difference is used to purify DNA from the individuals.

Claim 34 (withdrawn): A kit for differentiating DNA species or ginating from different individuals in a biological sample comprising one or more reage its for ascertaining the methylation status of a species of DNA.

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Claim 35 (withdrawn): A kit according to claim 34 wherein the 'eagent for ascertaining the methylation status of the maternal DNA is sodium bisulfite

Claim 36 (withdrawn): A kit according to claim 34 further com rising one or more reagents for detecting the presence of DNA.

Claim 37 (withdrawn): A kit according to claim 34 further commissing one or more reagents for amplifying the amount of DNA present in the biological sample.

Claim 38 (withdrawn): A kit according to claim 34 further com rising one or more apparatuses for obtaining a DNA sample.

Claim 39 (new): A method according to claim 5 wherein the mu hylation difference is detected in fetal cells in the placenta.